His Excellency Cyril Ramaphosa President of the Republic of South Africa Union Buildings Pretoria, South Africa

14 October 2025

# Dear President Ramaphosa,

# For Africa and the Global South: A Call to Action on Debt Justice under South Africa's G20 Presidency

We, the undersigned civil society and global debt justice organisations, deeply concerned with the unfolding debt and development crisis in many countries in the Global South, most acutely in Africa, write to you with the utmost respect and urgency. When South Africa assumed the Presidency of the G20, we were content to learn that you adopted debt sustainability for low-income countries as one of your four priorities. We were also pleased by the emphasis given to this issue at the special side-event *Forging a Common Agenda to Achieve Debt Sustainability in Developing Countries*, at the 4th International Conference on Financing for Development (FfD4) in Seville, Spain.

We believe that this is a pivotal opportunity to address one of the most pressing issues of our time: the unsustainable burden of debt on developing economies, particularly in Africa. As you have repeatedly acknowledged, developing economies are currently experiencing the highest borrowing costs in nearly two decades, while debt payments are crowding out vital domestic resources and diverting them away from development. African countries are charged much higher interest rates than countries in other regions with comparable credit ratings and macroeconomic indicators. The resulting "African premium" costs African countries US\$74.5 billion per year in excess interest payments, according to a UNDP report. As you noted recently at FfD4, 23 countries in Africa are paying more for debt costs than critical development enablers like health, care and education. A similar situation is faced by several Latin-American and Caribbean and Asian, and Pacific countries. We share your recognition that the United Nations 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the African Union's Agenda 2063 cannot be realised unless the challenges of debt and development are addressed more coherently and strategically. People's futures – especially those of young Africans – depend on it. Furthermore, climate action in Africa and elsewhere in the Global South will remain out of reach unless unsustainable debt burdens are decisively reduced. Despite some progress under the G20's Common Framework, current debt arrangements remain inadequate. Restructuring processes are too slow, debt reductions too shallow, and the sharing of responsibility between public and private creditors deeply unequal. The current international financial architecture is also failing to address the cost of financing, secure net positive flows to developing countries and ameliorate the human impacts of debt distress, including the disproportionate burden carried by women, girls and marginalised groups.

While we are encouraged by the emphasis given to the issue, we are concerned by the lack of demonstrable progress during your presidency of the G20. The Finance Track Communiqué from the 3rd Finance Ministers and Central Bank Governors Meeting essentially communicated nothing new, indicating that the African Expert Panel has had little luck in shifting the needle on debt within the G20. As African

Heads of State and Finance Ministers have stated: "while the continent welcomed the G20 Common Framework as a first step towards a more comprehensive approach to the sovereign debt restructuring on the continent and beyond, it has not provided a pathway towards the quick restoration of debt sustainability, creating some considerable skepticism as to its potential to deliver effectively for highly indebted countries, particularly in Africa."

While this year's G20 has been put forward as an 'African G20', there is no evidence that any progress has been made on the debt crisis facing Africa and many other countries worldwide during the South African presidency. From the Global South, we see South Africa's G20 Presidency as a key opportunity to insert southern views before going back to a northern presidency.

Within this context, we believe that developing countries require South Africa to take a far stronger position on this issue. In particular, we encourage:

- Start, support and constructively participate in the intergovernmental process at the UN towards recommendations for a debt architecture reform, as agreed at the 4<sup>th</sup> Financing for Development Conference (FfD4). In this sense we are calling for a UN Framework Convention on sovereign debt that encompasses all the reforms needed to build a new debt architecture that centers human rights and equity; one that explicitly aligns debt processes with states' obligations, prohibits austerity measures that undermine essential services and rights realization, binds private creditors to human rights standards, and delivers on a global mechanism for fair and transparent restructurings under UN auspices.
- Radical reform to debt restructuring processes, considering lessons learned from the Common Framework and other debt restructuring processes, as called for by African Heads of State and Finance Ministers. Reforms must deliver far deeper and faster debt relief, introduce a time-bound aspect, establish a universally accepted methodology for comparability of treatment, suspending debt servicing for all borrowers embarking on a debt restructuring with no accumulation of arrears during the whole debt restructuring process, and establish a legal mechanism for enforcement purposes.
- A declaration from the Finance Ministers that explicitly supports the establishment of an African Credit Rating Agency, and an international, accessible and public Global debt registry, including details on all external sovereign loans, bonds and other debt instruments as well as details on debt workouts.
- Support the establishment of a Borrowers Club, as agreed at the FfD4 Conference, that will facilitate cooperation among debtor countries to share information, improve transparency and strengthen negotiation positions. This club would serve as a counterweight to creditor groupings like the Paris Club and the London Coalition to improve the institutional efficiency of the global debt architecture.
- The development of binding principles of responsible lending and borrowing, as well as debt sustainability analyses, aligned with developmental goals and designed to enhance countries' capacity to respect their human rights and climate obligations.
- Agreement on the sale of IMF gold reserves to finance a debt relief fund.

Acknowledgement of the debt and development crisis, and the urgent need for debt relief that protects
essential social spending on education, health, gender equality and climate resilience. Civil Society is
calling for the cancellation of all unsustainable and illegitimate debts, from all creditors.

We believe these proposals align with South Africa's foreign policy objectives of fostering peace, security, democracy, and inclusive development across Africa. They also represent a concrete contribution to the African Union's G20 priorities, particularly its calls for the reform of the international financial architecture, including the establishment of a fairer and more transparent system for debt restructurings.

South Africa's leadership in incorporating debt sustainability as one of its priorities has the potential to catalyse meaningful reform in global debt systems, addressing immediate crises while paving the way for systemic changes that benefit Africa and the developing world. However, so far, nothing tangible, let alone ambitious, has been achieved. We fear that South Africa runs the risk of failing to deliver meaningfully on this priority.

Yours sincerely,

### **GLOBAL AND REGIONAL NETWORKS**

- ActionAid International
- AFRODAD
- 3. Amnesty International
- 4. Arab NGO Network for Development (ANND)
- 5. Asia Development Alliance
- 6. Caribbean Policy Development Centre Barbados, Caribbean
- **7**. C20
- 8. Fe y Alegría Internacional Colombia/Global
- 9. Centre for Economic and Social Rights (CESR)
- 10. Christian Aid
- Climate Action Network CAN International
- 12. ESCR Net (Economic Policy WG)
- 13. European Network on Debt and Development Eurodad
- 14. Hungry for Action
- 15. International Institute for Environment and Development
- 16. Global Campaign for Education (GCE)
- 17. Global Policy Forum Europe
- 18. Malala Fund
- MenaFem Movement for Economic, Development And Ecological Justice
- 20. Partners In Health
- 21. Recourse
- 22. Red Latinoamericana por Justicia Económica y Social LATINDADD
- 23. Resilient40 (Africa)
- 24. The African Youth Café
- 25. Third World Network
- 26. Women's Working Group on Financing for Development

#### **AFRICA**

- 27. We. The World Botswana Botswana
- 28. Africa Development Interchange Network (ADIN) Cameroon
- 29. Cadire Cameroon Association Cameroon

- 30. Youth for Promotion of Development Cameroon
- 31. Ini Chad
- 32. Mouvement pour la Réforme Sociale (MORESO) Congo, Démocratic Republic of
- 33. Plateforme pour le Développement Économique Social et Culturel (PDESC CI) Côte d'Ivoire
- 34. Association De Développement Agricole Éducatif Et Sanitaire De Manono Democratic Republic of Congo
- 35. Climate Change Africa Opportunities CCAO Democratic Republic of Congo/Africa
- 36. Pain aux Indigents et Appui à l'auto Promotion DRC
- 37. Ethiopian Orthodox Church Development and inter Church Aid commission Ethiopia
- 38. AbibiNsroma Foundation Ghana
- 39. Ghana Co-operative Agricultural Producers and Marketing Association Limited Ghana
- 40. Network for Women's Rights in Ghana (NETRIGHT) Ghana
- 41. EDER (Environnement, Développement et Énergies Renouvelables) Guinée
- 42. Barwaqa relief organization Kenya
- 43. Community Action For Health And Development Kenya
- 44. Emonyo Yefwe International Kenya
- 45. Jamaa Resource Initiatives Kenya
- 46. Jumuiya Women Fund Kenya
- 47. Land Action Network Lan Kenya Kenya
- 48. Polifa Kenya
- 49. The Peacemaker Corps Foundation Kenya
- 50. Green Advocates International Liberia
- 51. The Initiative for Climate Action and Development (ICAD Southern Africa) Malawi
- 52. CGT/MAROC MAROC
- 53. Association Nigerienne des Scouts de l'Environnement (ANSEN) Niger
- 54. Africa Network for Environment and Economic Justice (ANEEJ) Nigeria
- 55. Nigeria Network of NGOs Nigeria
- 56. Quest For Growth and Development Foundation Nigeria
- 57. Académie catholique de Brazzaville pour l'Ethique République du Congo
- 58. ALPD Senegal
- 59. Lumière Synergie pour le Développement (LSD) Senegal
- 60. ActionAid South Africa South Africa
- 61. Africa Centre for Governance Southern Africa
- 62. Alternative Information & Development Centre (AIDC) South Africa
- 63. AlternativeFutures South Africa
- 64. Carolina Eco Green Economy (Mpumalanga) South Africa
- 65. Ensure Viable Environment (EVE) South Africa
- 66. For the Youth by the Youth South Africa
- 67. GlobalYou Africa South Africa
- 68. Goringhaigona South Africa
- 69. Institute for Economic Justice South Africa
- 70. ISIZIBA Community-Based Organisations of South Africa South Africa
- 71. His Choice Ministries South Africa
- 72. Justice & Please Catholic Church South Africa
- 73. Lwana South Africa
- 74. NEDLAC Community Constituency South Africa
- 75. New Economy Hub South Africa
- 76. Oxfam South Africa South Africa
- 77. Qunu Advice Office South Africa
- 78. SAIIA South Africa

- 79. SANAC CSF South Africa
- 80. Show Me Your Number South Africa
- 81. South African Women in Dialogue South Africa
- 82. Unearthed Justice: Youth-Led Advocacy Platform South Africa
- 83. VPCR South Africa
- 84. Working for climate South Africa
- 85. WRCA South Africa
- 86. Youth Arise South Africa
- 87. Youth Capital South Africa
- 88. Akina Mama wa Afrika Uganda
- 89. Disability Peoples Forum Uganda Uganda
- 90. Future Link Junior School Uganda
- 91. Makerere University Business School Uganda
- 92. Uganda Debt Network Uganda
- 93. Uganda Peace Foundation Uganda
- 94. Women's International Peace Centre Uganda
- 95. Friends with Environment in Development Uganda
- 96. Southern and Eastern African Trade Information Negotiations Institute (SEATINI) Uganda
- 97. Citizens Network For Community Development Zambia Zambia
- 98. Climate Action Network (CAN) Zambia Zambia
- 99. Jesuit Centre for Theological Reflection Zambia
- 100. Climate Action Network Zimbabwe Zimbabwe
- 101. Food Justice Network Zimbabwe
- 102. Let's Green The Future Trust Zimbabwe
- 103. Southern Africa Region Climate Action Network Zimbabwe
- 104. Sprout WomenEmpowerment Trust Zimbabwe
- 105. Zimbabwe Coalition on Debt and Development (ZIMCODD) ZIMBABWE
- 106. Zimbabwe People's Land Rights Movement Zimbabwe
- 107. Women of Africa Zimbabwe

#### **ASIA AND THE PACIFIC**

- 108. Aid Organisation Bangladesh
- 109. LUCCC Bangladesh
- 110. Association For Promotion of Sustainable Development India
- 111. HRC Right To Information Trust India
- 112. VANI India
- 113. Vajpayee Research Foundation India
- 114. International NGO Forum on Indonesian Development (INFID) Indonesia
- 115. Forum for Global Solidarity Tax Japan
- 116. Japan NGO Center for International Cooperation (JANIC) Japan
- 117. All Nepal Peasants Federation, Nepal Nepal
- 118. National Labour Academy Nepal
- 119. Rural Area Development Programme (RADP) Nepal
- 120. Food Sovereignty and Climate Justice Forum, Nepal Nepal
- 121. Freedom from Debt Coalition Philippines
- 122. Korean Advocates for Global Health (KAGH) Republic of Korea
- 123. Free Trade Union Development Centre Sri Lanka

#### LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN

124. Fundacion para Estudio e Investigacion de la Mujer - Argentina

- 125. Candid Concepts Development Bahamas
- 126. Instituto Popular de Capacitación IPC Colombia
- 127. Comisión Nacional de Enlace CNE Costa Rica
- 128. Religiosa de NSCBP Costa Rica
- 129. Centro de Documentación en Derechos Humanos "Segundo Montes Mozo SJ" (CSMM) Ecuador
- 130. Observatorio de la Dolarización Ecuador
- 131. Observatorio de Finanzas y Clima Ecuador
- 132. Movimiento Tzuk Kim pop Guatemala
- 133. Inicitivas para el Desarrollo de la Mujer Oaxqueña (IDEMO)M) México
- 134. RENICC Nicargua
- Centro de Políticas Públicas y Derechos Humanos (Perú EQUIDAD) Perú
- 136. Grupo Nacional De Presupuesto Publico Perú
- 137. Stichting Projekta Suriname

## **EUROPE**

- 138. Global Responsibility Austria
- 139. KOO Co-ordination Office of the Austrian Bishops' Conference Austria
- 140. Alefa Diaspora Belgium
- 141. CNCD 11.11.11 Belgium
- 142. Justice et Paix France France
- 143. erlassjahr.de Entwicklung braucht Entschuldung Germany
- 144. Foundations Platform F20 Germany
- 145. German NGO Forum on Environment & Development Germany
- 146. WEED World Economy, Ecology & Development Germany / Europe
- 147. Financial Justice Ireland Ireland
- 148. Norwegian Church Aid Norway
- 149. Portuguese Platform of Development NGOs Portugal
- 150. XR Serbia Serbia
- 151. Act Church of Sweden Sweden
- 152. Alliance Sud Switzerland
- 153. Bond United Kingdom
- 154. CAFOD United Kingdom
- 155. Climate Action Network UK (CAN UK) United Kingdom
- 156. Debt Justice UK United Kingdom
- 157. Debt Relief International United Kingdom

#### **NORTH AMERICA**

- 158. Cooperation Canada Canada
- 159. KAIROS: Canadian Ecumenical Justice Initiatives Canada
- 160. Defined Impact Group U.S.
- 161. EcoEquity U.S.
- 162. Institute of the Blessed Virgin Mary Loreto Generalate U.S.
- 163. The Society for Children Orphaned By AIDS Inc. (SOCOBA) U.S.
- 164. Treatment Action Group U.S.
- 165. WEDO U.S.